SPECIALS For Saturday

GLOVES

Ladies' heavy Kid Bicycle Gloves, 50c small cuff and snap button All the latest tints in a fine quality 4-button kid-a splendid value at \$1.00 Dent's Gloves for ladies are par excellence, a new importation, all \$1.50

SILK UMBRELLAS

Any all-Silk \$3.50 colored Umbreila in stock, red, blue or green, Sat-\$2.50 urday, for.....

HOSIERY

Ladies' black Cotton Hose, double soles, Hermsdorf dye..... Ladies' black Lisle, Richelieu ribbed onyx dye Hosc. Children's fine ribbed black Cotton Hose, with white soles, sizes 6 to 9, 40c is the usual price, Saturday Men's tan and gray Balbriggan Hose, ordinarily 25c, Saturday

PETTICOATS

SILK DRESS SKIRTS One lot (about eighteen) of black Satin Brocade Skirts, have sold \$6.95

up to \$10, choice..... if you do not see the display of new Shirt Waists now on exhibition. Finer goods

were never shown in the city.

L. S. AYRES & CO Agents for Butterick Patterns.

> ART EMPORIUM. Telephone 500.

THE Q-U-A-D

The Quad is a magazine Camera for 31/2 by 312 dry plates; price, \$5. When cleaning up for spring you may find that some of your pictures need reframing. Bring them to us.

> We Make Frames, We Frame Pictures,

The H. LIEBER COMPANY, 33 South Meridian St.

rurtain 1 / Jeek

If you haven't been, come to our store; if you have been, come yet once more.

> Muslin Curtains at-\$2, \$3, \$4, \$5 per pair. Irish Point Curtains-\$4, \$5, \$7.50, \$10 per pair. Tambour Lace Curtains-\$2.75, \$3.50, \$5, \$7.50. Renaissance Lace Curtains-\$5, \$7.50, up to \$125 per pair. Real Brussels Lace Curtains, at-\$3.38 a pair.

\$5, \$7.50, \$9 and up. SCOTCH NET CURTAINS. SAXONY CURTAINS, CREPE CURTAINS, NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS RUFFLED NET CURTAINS. Only This Week

Don't Miss the Chance

Better Brussels, at-

Albert Gall 17 and 19 West Washington Street.

NEW STORE WALL PAPER. DRAPERIES.

MATTINGS WINDOW SHADES.

SEE THE GOODS! GET OUR PRICES!

SCHLEICHER & MARTENS. 18 NORTH MERIDIAN ST. Opposite Laurie's.

ON MONDAY-

We will have a special WINDOW BARGAIN SALE that will interest you. Watch our announcement to-

WARD'S ART STORE North Pennsylvania St., opp. P. O.

"Go to a Glove Store for Gloves." GLOVES

All prices, 300 different styles, (Wholesale and retail.)

OIO EAST WASH, STREET. Established 1878.

NO CHANGES IN OFFICERS.

Boards of the Blind and Deaf and Dumb Institutes Reorganized.

The boards of trustees of the Blind and Deaf and Dumb Institutes filed new bonds with the Governor yesterday and reorganized by electing the same officers. No changes were made in these boards by pointments. W. H. Glasscock was re-electthree years. As Superintendent R. O. Johnson, of the Deaf and Dumb Institute, has still two years of his term to serve, it was not thought necessary to re-elect him. Both men are Democrats, but have made excellent superintendents, and there has been The officers for the two boards re-elected

Institute for the Blind-President, Nelson Bradley, Greenfield; secretary, James L. Allen, Covington; treasurer, John F. Hen-Institute for the Deaf and Dumb-Prestdent, Samuel A. Bonner, Greensburg; secretary, Jarvin C. Grooms; treasurer, Chas. E. Haugh, city.

GOV. MOUNT THE ORATOR.

Day Address Here.

Governor Mount will deliver the Memorial day address in this city, having ac-

Music and Programme-William H. Lester, H. B. Makepeace, William E. Schilling, Margaret Sulgrove, Louisa Shepherd.
Parade and Marshals-Irvin Robbins, A.
J. Buchanan, John A. M. Cox, R. B. Bagby. A. C. Stannard, Invitation-C. S. Boynton, George C. Webster, John M. Bohmie, Lyda Swift and

THOMPSON WILL REMAIN

STATE STATISTICIAN'S CASE RE-VIEWED BY THE GOVERNOR.

Money Drawn from Treasury Used for Legitimate Expenses-A Deposit to Cover All Differences.

"If I believed that Mr. Thompson had willfully violated the law or had drawn from the treasury money that he did not intend to use for the legitimate purposes of the Bureau of Statistics, I should demand his resignation to-night," said Governor Mount last night in answer to a question after he had given full consideration to the case and | tunity to do so as far as I can. had taken action in the matter.

This action is in the form of a note to Mr. Thompson, directing him to pay into the 17c hands of the auditor \$1,144.72 to be held in trust until he can show where he had spent a like amount in his office. In answer to another question the Governor stated that this was all the action he should take at this time. This is an acceptance of the 15c proposition made by Mr. Thompson that he return to the treasury \$1,250 drawn out of the appropriation for 1896 to pursue a special line of inquiry in 1897, and that he de-Changeable Silk Taffeta Under- \$6.00 | cial line of inquiry in 1897, and that he deskirts, corded, perfectly made.... \$6.00 | posit with whomever the Governor might suggest the sum of \$1.144.72 and be given a reasonable time to file claims against this sum for money expended in the work of the bureau. When Thompson assumed office he found that his predecessor, Peelle, had, in twenty days, used up \$1.487 of the appro-You'll Miss a Good Thing priation for that year This was practically an overdraft to pay expenditures made in anticipation of the appropriation. He had the matter before the attorney general and it was found that there was no law to reach the case. A few months later, when a simcase was developed at the Prison South, the attorney general made a ruling that appropriations could not be anticipated, but that the expenditures of the year must be met with the appropriation of the

> The inquiry into the charges made by Deputy John Worrell was practically ended on Thursday, when Mr. Thompson filed the statement given below. Briefly, this document showed that the statistician. near the close of the last fiscal year, had drawn from the unexpended balance of the appropriation of that year \$1,250 to be expended in a special line of inquiry determined upon by the 1896 convention of statisticians to be pursued this year. He supcheck for this amount to be covered back into the treasury. He further filed an itemized statement of expenditures with vouchers, leaving \$1,144.72 unaccounted for. In this statement no allowance, except \$40, is made for the postage of the bureau, which amounts to about \$800 a year. He asked that the Governor direct that he deposit this sum with the proper officer and that he e given a reasonable time to file vouchers against it, the remainder to go back to the treasury. At the same time he signified his willingness to resign if the Governor should deem it advisable

THE GOVERNOR TO THOMPSON. Yesterday noon the attorney general and auditor filed with the Governor their findings, and Mr. Worrell filed another statement in which he declared that there was no possible means of accounting for the shortage. The office seekers crowded the Governor to such an extent that he did not get time until late last night to examine all these papers, and after going over them all, he issued the following note to Mr. Thomp-

"Sir-The committee, consisting of William A. Ketcham, attorney general, and Americus C. Daily, auditor of state, appointed by the Governor to investigate the charges made by John Worrell against Simeon J. Thompson, state statistician, conclude their report with the following,

'We therefore recommend that Mr Thompson be notified forthwith to place in self the sums of \$418.55 and \$726.17." "You are therefore directed to pay to Americus C. Daily the sum of \$1,144.72, which amount was drawn from the state treasury, the same having not been expended as provided by law so far as investigation reveals, the auditor of state to hold this amount in trust until May 1, 1897. "During this time you will be permitted to present claims against this amount held in trust for all sums you have expended in the performance of your duties as state statistician for which you have no credit. After settlement has been made of all legitimate claims due you the auditor of state is directed to cover the remainder into the treasury. He is also directed to cover back into the treasury the \$1,250, the same being the amount claimed to have been withdrawn from the treasury under a misapprehension of the law.

This settles for the present at least the nopes of three or four gentlemen who had noped to succeed Mr. Thompson. There has been much talk about this as a motive on the part of Mr. Worrell in making the charges, but he declared yesterday afternoon that he was not a candidate for this or anything. "Of course," he added after stating that the records showed that he had done all the work of the bureau, "if the Governor should feel disposed to appoint me that would be a different matter."

THOMPSON'S STATEMENT.

Why the \$1,250 Was Drawn-His Tender of Funds to Cover Discrepancies. Mr. Thompson's statement filed with the auditor and attorney general, with a copy filed with the Governor, was as follows: "I desire to submit to you, sitting at the request of the Governor to examine into the truth of certain charges against my administration of the office of state statistician, preferred by John Worrell, the fol-

lowing statement: "When I entered upon my first term of office I found that my predecessor, William A. Peelle, had within the first twenty days of the fiscal year drawn from the appropriation for that year the sum of \$1,487.09. It was evident from the face of matters that this money had been drawn from the expenditures of the previous year. This matter was duly reported to the attorney general and to the Governor, and I in some way received the impression, though doubtless an erroneous one, that it was legitimate to apply the appropriation made for one year to the expenses of the office of another year.

"When I took possession of the office found no books whatever showing receipts and disbursements of the office, and that the State had not furnished books for such

"I further found that the practice between that office and the auditor of state had not been for the state statistician to present youchers of his disbursements when state therefor, and that such warrants were issued upon statements made by the state statistician in gross and without deed Superintendent of the Blind Institute for | tails. For a few months I made out my statements to the auditor of state in detail. as have been exhibited to you from the auditor of state's office. Thereafter, during the first fiscal year, I kept in my office an itemized statement of the expenses for each month and made a statement to the audino opposition to their retention manifested: tor in gross. These statements, held in my office for each of the remaining months. save for October, have been presented to you and are herewith submitted. There was a similar statement for the month of October, and all these statements, I have always supposed, were together, until came to search for them at the time these charges were preferred, when I made diffgent search for the same and have not been

able to find it. THE BOOK WORRELL TOOK. "The evidence taken before the commission shows conclusively that in my ab-He Will Deliver the Annual Memorial sence from the office, and without my knowledge, papers of my desk were by Mr. Worrell withdrawn from my desk and from

"During the fiscal year beginning Nov. 1, 1895, during the months I kept my disbursements upon slips, as before, but at the journed for two weeks. The following are book kept for that purpose, which was the principal committees appointed for the also kept in my desk, I never discovered the same shall be returned to him, and that its absence until these charges were preferred, at which time and since I have made diligent search for it and cannot find it.

tober, 1895, the statements produced satisfy you that the moneys drawn were in every regard faithfully and honestly applied, and that I need not go back of that date. submit therefore that we should be relieved "In the absence of the statement for the from any further consideration of this matmenth of October, 1896, and the book re- ter. A large variety of Tables.—Wm. L. Elder. | ferred to, it is absolutely impossible for | "In making this investigation we called this city Wednesday evening. Master Thad | me at this time and at once to present a to our assistance, in order that there might | Rich will play "Reverie," by Vieuxtemps. | INDIANA'S LEADING JEWELERS.

statement, and the originals are filed herewith. But in addition to this I know that I have no memorandum of any kind, and which, if I ever discover it, will patient thought and reflection and exercise of my memory. An illustration of such payment is found in the payments made to Clarence Worrell, of July 6, 1896, \$83; of Oct. 1, \$80, and of \$3.33 thereafter by me paid to Clarence Worrell to complete his salary for that month, and for all of which there is no check, stub of check or any memorandum of any kind t be found in the office. And doubtless in time I can gather up such payments;

whether I can, however, do so to explain the entire amount of the discrepancy unexplained by the statements now submitted, is very doubtful from the very nature of the case, but I desire an oppor-'After this general statement, I now desire to make this particular statement, in explanation of the itemized account presented herewith. In the summer of 1896, a meeting of the state statisticians was held at Albany, N. Y., where the matter of gathering additional facts and data, than which had theretofore been the scope their work, was considered, and it was determined in the year 1897 to make their work much more comprehensive. A copy of the resolution passed at that convention is filed herewith, which will show the scope of the work that was proposed to be done during the ensuing year. I then en-tered upon the work of making preparations for such widened scope of investigation, as the files of the office will show. This, of course, meant a largely increased expenditure of money in field work. In addition to this, I know that at the very

beginning of the fiscal year the biennial

report of the state statistician would be

for distribution, and that would be the oc-

casion for several hundred dollars additional office expense. TO BE USED IN 1897. "The Legislature had made its appropriations for the year 1895-96 and 1896-97, by which the sums had been appropriated for the work of the office for the two years named. The expense for the year 1896 had been kept at the minimum. Acting upon the impression I had (though doubtless erroneously received) from my predecessors in applying the appropriations for one year to the expense of another, at the close of the fiscal year of 1895-96 I determined to withdraw from the unexpended balance of the appropriations for that year for office es the sum of \$425, to be used to such expenses in the coming year, and also in like manner to withdraw from the unexpended balance of the appropriation of that year for the field work the sum o \$825, for the purpose of using the same i that work in the coming year. I did so, and these two sums have been held by me untouched for that purpose. I am now advised that my impression that I had the right to do this was erroneous; that I had no right to do this, and I now propose through you at once to turn back into the

treasury of the State the said sum of \$1,250. 'Aside from this, the statement now submitted shows that, commencing with Oct. 1895, I am not able at this time on account of the absence of said statements and account books to account in office expenses for the sum of \$162.31, and in office expenses for the fiscal year 1895-96 in the sum of \$419.72, and in field expenses the sum of

"After you shall have made such allowance to me for postage and expressage as you may think just and reasonable under the evidence before you for the month of October, 1895, and such additional expenses for postage and expressage for the fiscal year of 1895-96 as under the evidence you think is just and reasonable, I propose to pay into the hands of the Governor, auditor of state or such other person as the Governor may direct, the full amount of such sum, not, however, to be at once covered into the treasury, but to be held for reasonable time to enable me, so far as I may be able, to recall and learn as to further cash pyaments made by me, and procure such evidence of having made the same as will satisfy the Governor or such other person as he may designate that I have made such payments. Then, if there is any sum remaining for which I cannot make proper showing, and for which I cannot show I am justly entitled to, to the satisfaction of the Governor or other person so holding such fund, the same shall then be

turned into the State treasury.' OFFERED HIS RESIGNATION. Accompanying the copy of this statement Mr. Thompson sent the following note to

'Sir-I have the honor to present you herewith a copy of a statement which I shall immediately present to the attorney general of the state and the auditor of state, whom you have requested to examine into the truth of the charges preferred against my administration of the office of state statistician by Mr. Worrell. It explains itself, and I desire to add nothing to further than this: If upon considering this statement, and conferring with the attorney general and auditor of state as to the matters developed upon such hearing. you shall feel yourself embarrassed as Govof seeing that the laws are executed, by my continuing in office, and desire that I should do so, upon a suggestion by you to that effect, I will place my resignation in your hands.

REPORT OF INVESTIGATORS.

Recommendations of the Auditor and Attorney General. The report of the investigating officers

filed with the Governor yesterday is as fol-

"We beg to report that pursuant to the directions contained in your favor of the 16th inst. we proceeded to investigate the charges contained in the affidavit of John Worrell with respect to the conduct of the chief of the bureau of statistics. In so doing we took the statements of Capt. John Worrell, B. Wilson Smith, Clarence Worrell, M. F. Thompson and Clarence Conner with respect to the conduct of the office and the moneys expended in connection therewith. On Tuesday last the investigation was postponed on account of the engagements of some of the counsel, and on yesterday forenoon Mr. Thompson filed with us the inclosed statements and exhibits, presenting with his statement a check on Fletcher's Bank for \$1,250. "We regret to report that the office has not been administered in accordance with

law, but with a seeming disregard of the rules that ought to govern any person having the custody and management of funds not his own, whether in or out of public "There can be no warrant of law whatever for the withdrawal of the sums of \$425 and \$825 mentioned in the statement.

and we suggest that these sums, aggregat ing \$1,250, ought to be immediately covered back into the treasury on account of funds erroneously withdrawn. 'As to the other matters for which no vouchers or specific explanation is tendered by Mr. Thompson we find more difficulty. Upon examining these statements is has seemed to us that under your letter there was no duty upon us to further investigate unless Mr. Thompson could furnish some better statement of the amounts expended by him than he seems now to be able to do, and it would be a fruitless thing for us to attempt to find just what credit,

if any, he is entitled to. "From the investigation made we are convinced that the transactions for the fiscal year ending Oct. 31, 1895, while conducted with carelessness and a disregard of the duty imposed upon those handling public funds, we believe that all the moneys withdrawn during that year were actually and honestly applied to the uses of the State. The voucher for October, 1895. amounting to \$662.85, we believe represents moneys properly used, and we therefore think there is no necessity for covering back or making provision for the item o \$162.31. We believe it to be true from th statements of the parties who appeared be fore us that a considerable portion of th items of \$418.55 in the office expense account and of \$726.17 in the account of agents' salaries and expenses were probably properly used, but we do not think, upon the admission that \$1,250 had been improperly withdrawn during that year and the statement that the statistician is unable at this time to make any specific showing as to any or the items in these two amounts, it would

'We therefore recommend that Mr Thompson be notified forthwith to place in the hands of some one designated by yourself the sums of \$418.55 and \$726.17, to be held for a limited period until the statistician shall have the opportunity to con-sider, inquire and show, if he can, what sum, if any, in addition to those contained in the statements has been properly used the duties of his office, and that upon hi making a showing within that time of such uses of such moneys or any portion thereof upon his failing to do so within the time designated the whole or such portion thereof as shall not have been shown to have been properly used by the statistician shall be then covered into the treasury. This, we presume, is as far as we are expected to go in the matter under the direction contained in your letter, and we

be proper for us to recommend any allow-

ance or credit to him upon these Items or

submit therefore that we should be relieved

complete statement of the disbursements be no possible misunderstanding as to what of the office from Oct. 1, 1895. I have transpired before us, Wm. S. Gerber, one prepared as complete a statement thereof of the official reporters of the courts of as I have been able to do, in the time lim- | Marion county. His charge for that work ited me, from data in my office. This data if it had been done in court, under the law, consists of checks, and a few other memo- | would amount to \$21, which we suggest be randa, to which reference is made in the | paid to him out of such sum as may be at your disposal for that purpose. If at any time it is desired that the statements of I paid very considerable sums in currency, any of the parties who appeared before us should be filed with you it can be obtained

from Mr. Garber. "We transmit herewith all the papers that have been handed us by Mr. Thomp son in connection with his statement to us, so that you may, if you desire, examine them. The original papers, including stul check books, etc., of course belong to Mr. Thompson and should be permitted to be withdrawn by him after you have examined them whenever he desires to do so.'

THROWN FROM A WAGON.

Two Men Hurt and Then Arrested for Being Drunk.

John Cassady, a peddler, and William Moore, a horseshoer, were arrested last evening by Sergeant Lowe and Patrolman Bolen, charged with being drunk. They were driving in a wagon on North Illinois street. At New York street the horse street car and both men were thrown to the street. Cassady was rendered unconscious for a few minutes and was badly bruised. Moore was also bruised. The ambulance was called, but before it arrived the police came along and called the patrol wagon.

TWO NEW POLICE BOARDS

GOVERNOR'S SELECTIONS FOR AN-DERSON AND ELKHART.

Factory Inspector Appointment Wil Not Be Considered Until the Law Goes Into Effect.

"I trust," said Governor Mount last night after a long and hard day's work, "that the people who want to be factory inspector and their friends will understand that I will not consider the matter of appointing anybody to fill an office until we have a until the session acts are printed and proclaimed, which will not be done for a month yet. I sincerely desire to be given a little time to attend to the business of the

Four delegations called upon the Governor yesterday in behalf of as many different candidates for factory inspector and there were innumerable people on hand to tell him what excellent Democrats they had in mind for tax commissioner. The last effort on police commissioners was made last night, when a delegation from Terre Haute, headed by County Chairman Benjamin, was given an audience. They talked in behalf of the appointments agreed upon by the committee asked by the Governor to suggest men. This board will probably be

Anderson and Elkhart have given less trouble on this question than any of the other cities and they got their boards yesterday. At Elkhart there has been no difficulty at all and at Anderson there has been no strife, though there have been many candidates. The appointments are as Anderson-Harry Hardie, Republican; Daniel F. Mustard, Democrat; James Wellingtor, Republican.

announced to-day.

Elkhart-Major J. D. Braden, Republican J. W. Cummings, Democrat; C. J. Gillette,

Mount's Appointments Indorsed, Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Ind., March 26.-The news of the appointment of Messrs. D. F. Mustard, James Wellington and Harry Hardie as police commissioners for Anderson by Governor Mount meets with the general approval of Republicans and citizens. All the names suggested were those of wellknown men, but the selection the Governor made will be cheerfully accepted by all interested. It is the belief that the police force will be reorganized.

ASSESSOR SAULCY'S DEPUTIES. The Men Who Will Call on Taxpayers This Spring.

Township Assessor Sauley yesterday announced the following list of deputies to

make the April assessment: Smith D. Shannon. Robert Senour. Geo. H. Lanhan. Isadore Wulfson. H. H. Curtis. W. H. Phillips. Oscar Pellett. Jas. H. Hayes. W. L. Stough. J. C. Drummond. E. U. Meyer. William Lawrence. A. P. Cranor. Elwood Sands. Jacob T. Morris. G. G. McChesney. B. W. Hartley. Henry A. Reed. Edgar Riley. Eugene Van Dyne. Harry C. Stevens. Chas. G. Coulon. Edwin V. Henry. Jas. R. Locklear. Rufus M. Blume. Fred Henschen. Wm. T. White. Frank Adams. H. Herig. J. B. Hatfield R. A. Yoke. Geo. W. Akins. James Dunn. W. B. Downey. W. F. Applegate. W. F. Bradley. Wm. Steigelmeyer. as. Witthoff. James K. King. H. Satcamp. Lewis Eickle. W. H. Smith. H. E. Moore. W. L. Barlow. O. S. Dale. Jas. R. East. Jas. M. Jameson. Charles Stapp. Geo. M. Sweetser. John M. Maxwell. W. A. Earley. Ed Steinhauer. Jos. H. Sheppard. J. C. Hamilton. E. Murphy. A. H. Burris. James O'Donnell. A. J. Kinney. Chas. H. Githens. Gustave C. Jose. John M. Scott. C. F. Etter. Jas. A. McQuown. Solomon Meaux. Simon Goldsmith. H. W. York. Chas. A. Funk. J. W. Richardson. Dan Linus. . A. Henmeyer. Henry Aldridge. J. H. Montgomery. . M. Dickson. W. E. Bryant. Louis Kline. B. F. Walker. Jos. R. Sheiton. A. W. Makepeace. W. B. Downey. Robert Langsdale. W. C. Newcomb. A. C. Cotton.

ODD FELLOWS' BUILDING PLAN. Strong Probabilities the Structure Will Be Erected.

James Ruark.

The building committee of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows held a meeting yesterday afternoon to further discuss the proposed new modern building which is destined to occupy the site of the present Grand Lodge Hall, at the corner of Pennsylvania and Washington streets. There is still some uncertainty about the building being erected, although the committee is agreed that it shall be done if financial reasons do not interfere. The committee is agreed upon this. There are, however, some obstacles in the way which may not

At present it is the expectation of the committee that work on the new building will commence in a very short time. Plans are being prepared by several architects in competition, and they will be submitted to the committee in a few days. The plans will provide for a building to cost in the neighborhood of \$250,000, to be of steel and other modern and fireproof material. The committee is composed of George Shirts, of Noblesville: T. H. Stevenson, of Greensburg; J. F. Wallick, city; B. Frank-lin, city; W. H. Leedy, city; James A. Wild-man, city; U. Z. Wiley, Fowler, and H. G. Thayer, Plymouth. Mr. Shirts is chairman, He said yesterday that he did not make the statement accredited to him in a local paper to the effect that the new building would not be erected. He said the statement was made without authority, and was probably untrue as to the fact. He believed the building would be erected, and during

To Repeat the Merker Lecture.

The talk given last Wednesday evening Masonic Goods. by Miss Merker, of Louisville, on "Italian Sculptors of the Renaissance," was of such rare charm that the McCulloch Club has asked Miss Merker to repeat it at the service to-morrow evening at Plymouth Church. Miss Merker has consented, and to-morrow evening at Plymouth Church the talk will again be given, illustrated with sixty stereopticon reproductions, most of which were shown for the first time in

NO PROOFS OF CRUELTY

TIGATES AT PLAINFIELD.

Witness Heinl Could Give No Names of Officers-Superintendent Charlton Exonerated by the Board.

John R. Elder and Dr. Mary Spink, members of the Board of State Charities, and Ernest P. Bicknell, secretary and executive officer of the board, went to Plainfield yesterday to investigate charges that were made against the management of the Reform School for Boys by Otto Heinl, of Terre Haute. After spending the entire day at the Reform School hearing evidence the board reached the conclusion that the charges were not substantiated, although not disproved, but that if substantiated they would not necessarily convict the superintendent of failure to do his duty. The report of the board fully exonerates Superintendent Charlton.

The charges of Otto Heinl were made public about a month ago, during the meeting of the Legislature. At that time the Board of Charities had so much business on hand that the investigation was postponed. It was said then that charges that were not made until more than five years after the occurrence of the facts could not be so pressing as to demand that the board drop other matters of importance to attend

Otto Heinl charged that he was employed at the Reform School for twelve days during July, 1891, and that he left the place because his heart revolted at the cruelty of the punishment administered to many of the boys in the school. He said that in the house in which he was the assistant "father" the "father" often whipped ten or fifteen boys each day, and whipped them so cruelly as to cause the marks to remain on their bodies for a long time. The only specific charge was that on Sunday during the services in chapel a feeble-minded boy went to sleep. Heinl said one of the officers of the institution called on him for assistance, and the feeble-minded boy was taken to the basement of one of the cottages and cruelly whipped because he went to sleep. Heiul could not give the exact date of this occurrence, nor the name of the boy nor any officer connected with the cruelties he charged. The board was confronted with these

vague charges without anything definite

and the management had no means of offering any testimony, because they could not ascertain definitely what had to be refuted. Heinl told his story in a straightforward manner that seemed to indicate that he was telling the truth, but the members of the board concluded that he had probably unconsciously magnified some of the occurrences. His memory was not good enough to recall the names of a single officer connected with any of the cruelties reported, and for this reason the board was not inclined to accept as absolute his statements of the things he charged, although there was no disposition to charge Heinl with telling what was not true. The only evidence submitted by the management of the school was the rules providing for the punishment of the boys and the records and testimony to show that in every case where officers had punished boys without proper orders to do so, or had punished them more severely than is permitted. the officers were discharged; not for the second or third, but for the first offense, It was also shown that every boy in the institution knows that he can go at any time, without fear of punishment, and make any complaint he may have to Superintendent Charlton and it will be fully investigated. The boys have learned this, and at the hours when they are received by Superintendent Charlton for this purpose there is always a large crowd, but most of the complaints are not against the management or the officers; they are simply little requests of various kinds, all of which are granted when within reason. Secretary Bicknell looks upon this feature of the management of the home as the great secret of the success of Superintendent Charlton. He could not find a boy who had

requests had been received by the superin-While at the institution the board examined the report that there had been some political favoritism shown in the selection of employes. Superintendent Charlton said he had never asked a single employe to teli his politics, and had in several cases refused to employ men who had purposely allowed him to know their political feelings in the hope that it would influence his action. The poll books of the political parties for the precinct show that the division of party lines has sometimes been on one side and sometimes on the other, without a great deal of difference either way. At the present time the books show the employes about evenly divided. The board came to the conclusion that the superintendent is not influenced in any way by politics in se-

any complaint to make about the way his

lecting his employes. Dunlap's Celebrated Hats And other new styles at Seaton's hat

CHEAP TELEPHONE RATES FAIL. The Rockland Telephone Company Sells Out to the New York

Telephone Company. Special to the New York Sun from Nyack, N. Y., March 16. The Rockland Telephone and Telegraph Company has sold its property and business to the New York Telephone Company of New York city. William H. Russell, treasurer of the Rockland Company, said that his company had been endeavoring to conduct the telephone business at rates ranging from \$2 to \$3 a month and had been unable to make a success of it, for several reasons. These rates were too low. The company had an isolated plant, with no connection with lines to other parts of the country, and could not get the subscribers expected. The support expected had not been received, because the chief value of telephone connection in a small place is the possibility of talking to the larger places reached only by trunk lines of the Long-distance Company. The company found that it was losing money and opened negotiations with the New York Telephone Company, which resulted in a sale of the

property at a considerable sacrifice.

No Physicians Needed. Strange as it may seem, it is neverthe-less an established fact that sickness is an absolute stranger in households where the wholesome and pure "Columbia" or "Extract of Malt," both brewed and bottled by the Home Brewing Company, are used. They are positive health preservers, on account of their superior digestive qualities. Telephone 1050.

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Children's Dongola, button and Women's Dongola Oxford, \$1.25 Men's Satin Calf. \$1.50 grade, at .. grade, at ... Men's \$4 box Calf, razor and coin \$2.25 Women's Dongola Oxford, \$2 grade, Men's French Calf, Goodyear welt, \$1.98 Women's Vici hand-turn Oxford, \$1.48 \$4 and \$5 grades, at..... best top, \$3 grades, at..... Men's Chocolate and Ox Blood, \$3 \$1.98 and \$4 grades, at..... 300 pairs of Women's 'Prince Al-Men's Chocolate and Ox Bloods, \$3 \$1.65 berts and Juliets, \$3 and \$4 grades, at ... Women's White Kid Slippers, \$1.25 Boys' \$1.50, \$2 and \$3 grades, all toes, at..... Women's Patent Leather and Don-350 pairs of Women's all styles, gola Bow Sandal, \$2 grade, at \$2 and \$3 grades, at..... Women's Dongola, button and lace, all toes, \$1.50 grades, at..... Women's Dongola Bow Sandal, all styles, \$1 and \$1.50 grades, at.... Women's Vici, button and lace, \$1.25 hand turns, \$3 and \$4 grades, at... Women's Chocolate and Ox Blood \$1.98 Vici. \$3 and \$4 grades, at Women's Dongola, button and lace, Misses' Chocolate and Ox Blood, turns and welts, razor and coin \$1.48 \$1.50 and \$2 grades, at..... Women's Goodyear Glove Rubbers, Women's Vici, hand-turn, razor \$1.98 and coin, \$3 and \$4 grades, at..... Women's French Kid, all toes, \$2.48 all widths, \$4 and \$5 grades, at.... Men's Goodyear Glove Rubbers, at. Misses' Twentieth Century \$2 \$1.15 | Shoe Polish, 10c and 25c sizes, at...

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